

RE Must Knows

Year 4

4.1 Judaism, Sikhism and Hinduism all celebrate festivals of light. Festivals use light as a representation of hope, joy, remembrance and reflection.

4.2 What is the significance of different places of worship in the local and wider community and their significance to believers? Places of worship are used by the community as a whole e.g. playgroups, youth organisations, community groups.

4.3 Muslims pray to Allah and the Prophet Muhammad (peace and blessings be upon him) is important. They use the five pillars of Islam to focus their key beliefs. The five pillars are:

Shahadah: declaration of faith.

Salah: prayer.

Zakat: giving a fixed proportion to charity.

Saum: fasting during the month of Ramadan.

Hajj: pilgrimage to Mecca.

4.4 A 'guru' in Sikhism is a spiritual teacher who helps a disciple move from spiritual ignorance to spiritual wisdom. Guru Nanak had an epiphany (experience of God) and therefore began his teachings about God and social justice.

Vocabulary:

Bible, Qur'an, Church, Mosque, Jesus, Prophet Muhammed (pbuh) Special, Prayer Mat

Celebration, Festival, Charity, Fasting, Harvest

God, Allah, Ten Commandments, Five Pillars of Islam, Responsibility, Reuse, Recycle, World

Moses, Hebrew, Shabbat, Passover, Synagogue

Reflection, Gurdwara, Synagogue, Faith, Hajj (pilgrimage), Mecca/Makkah, Guru

