



# RE Unit 4.4 Why are Gurus at the heart of Sikh belief and practice?



## Top Vocabulary

**Mool Mantar** is a poem founded by Guru Nanak.

**Guru Nanak** - Guru Nanak was the first Guru and was the founder of Sikhism.

**Guru Gobind Singh** is the tenth Sikh Guru, a spiritual master, warrior, poet and philosopher.

**Guru Granth Sahib** is the central holy religious scripture.

**Ikk Oankar** means there is only one God or creator. A phrase that Sikhs use.

**Enlightenment** means a state of realisation of one's divine inner connection with the creator and of all creation.

**Gurdwara** is a place where Sikhs come together for congregational worship.

In Sikhism, a 'Guru' is a spiritual teacher.

Guru Nanak spoke to God at the River Bein and God told him how he wanted people to live.



Guru Nanak was the first Guru and was the founder of Sikhism.



Guru Nanak taught lessons/values to the Sikhs such as: equality, honest and compassion.

Mool Mantar is a poem that repeats the first words of Guru Nanak following his enlightenment.



The Golden temple in Amritsar is the holiest Gurdwara of the Sikh religion.



Sikhs recognise the continuity of Sikh teaching from Guru Nanak, from one Guru to the next.



The Guru Granth Sahib is the last in a line of the ten Gurus and is the central holy religious scripture.

